

DH Winterbourne View Review

Concordat: Programme of Action

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Description	The concordat / agreement sets out a programme of action to transform services for people with learning disabilities or autism and mental healt conditions or behaviours described as challenging. It sets out specific actions to which each organisation has committed to take forward within clear timeframes.	
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For Recipient's Use		

DH Winterbourne View Review

Concordat: Programme of Action





























































































Learning Disability
Professional Senate

Vision for change

The abuse of people at Winterbourne View hospital was horrifying. Children, young people and adults with learning disabilities or autism and who have mental health conditions or behaviour that challenges have for too long and in too many cases received poor quality and inappropriate care. We know there are examples of good practice. But we also know that too many people are ending up unnecessarily in hospital and they are staying there for too long. This must stop.

We (the undersigned) commit to a programme for change to transform health and care services and improve the quality of the care offered to children, young people and adults with learning disabilities or autism who have mental health conditions or behaviour that challenges to ensure better care outcomes for them¹.

These actions are expected to lead to a rapid reduction in hospital placements for this group of people by 1 June 2014. People should not live in hospital for long periods of time. Hospitals are not homes.

We will safeguard people's dignity and rights through a commitment to the development of personalised, local, high quality services alongside the closure of large-scale inpatient services and by ensuring that failures when they do occur are dealt with quickly and decisively through improved safeguarding arrangements. Safeguarding is everybody's business.

All parts of the system - commissioners, providers, the workforce, regulators and government - and all agencies - councils, providers, the NHS and police - have a role to play in driving up standards for this group of people. There should be zero tolerance of abuse or neglect.

The Government's Mandate to the NHS Commissioning Board² sets out:

"The NHS Commissioning Board's objective is to ensure that Clinical Commissioning Groups work with local authorities to ensure that vulnerable people, particularly those with learning disabilities and autism, receive safe, appropriate, high quality care. The presumption should always be that services are local and that people remain in their communities; we expect to see a substantial reduction in reliance on inpatient care for these groups of people."

We commit to working together, with individuals and their families and with the groups that represent them, to deliver real change. Our shared objective is to see the health and care system get to grips with past failings by listening to this very vulnerable group of people and their families, meeting their needs and working together to commission the range of support which will enable them to lead fulfilling and safe lives in their communities.

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¹ For the purpose of this Concordat we will use the phrase "people with challenging behaviour" as shorthand for this group

² http://www.dh.gov.uk/health/2012/11/nhs-mandate/

How we will make change happen:

The key actions are:

 Health and care commissioners will review all current hospital placements and support everyone inappropriately placed in hospital to move to community-based support as quickly as possible and no later than 1 June 2014:

The NHS Commissioning Board (NHSCB) will:

- ensure that all Primary Care Trusts develop registers of all people with learning disabilities or autism who have mental health conditions or behaviour that challenges in NHS-funded care as soon as possible and certainly no later than 1 April 2013;
- make clear to Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) in their handover and legacy arrangements what is expected of them, including:
 - o in maintaining the local register from 1 April 2013; and
 - o reviewing individuals' care with the Local Authority and identifying who should be the first point of contact for each individual.

Health and care commissioners will:

- by 1 June 2013, working together and with service providers, people who use services and families review the care of all people in learning disability or autism inpatient beds and agree a personal care plan for each individual, based on their and their families' needs and agreed outcomes;
- put these plans into action as soon as possible, so that all individuals receive personalised care and support in appropriate community settings no later than 1 June 2014:
- ensure that all individuals have the information, advice and advocacy support they need
 to understand and have the opportunity to express their views. This support will include
 self-advocacy and independent advocacy where appropriate for the person and their
 family.
- Every area will put in place a locally agreed joint plan for high quality care and support services for people of all ages with challenging behaviour, that accords with the model of good care. These plans should ensure that a new generation of inpatients does not take the place of people currently in hospital.
 - This joint plan could potentially be undertaken through the health and wellbeing board and considered alongside the local Joint Strategic Needs Assessment and Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy processes.
 - The strong presumption will be in favour of supporting this with pooled budget arrangements with local commissioners offering justification where this is not done.
- There will be national leadership and support for local change. The Local Government Association and NHSCB will establish a joint improvement programme to provide leadership and support to transform services locally. They will involve key partners including the Department of Health (DH), The Society of Local Authority Chief Executives and Senior Managers (SOLACE), the Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS) and Association of Directors of Children's Services (ADCS) and the Care Quality

Commission (CQC) and will closely involve service providers, people with learning disabilities and autism and their families in their work. The programme will be operating within three months, with the Board and leadership arrangements in place by the end of December 2012. DH will provide funding to support this work.

Planning will start from childhood.

- DH will work with the Department for Education (DfE) to introduce a new single
 assessment process and Education, Health and Care Plan to replace the current
 system of statements and learning difficulty assessments for children and young people
 with special educational needs; supported by joint commissioning between local
 partners (subject to parliamentary approval). The process will include young people up
 to the age of 25, to ensure they are supported in making the transition to adulthood;
- DH and DfE will work with the independent experts on the Children and Young People's Health Outcomes Forum to consider how to prioritise improvement outcomes for children and young people with challenging behaviour and how best to support young people with complex needs in making the transition to adulthood. This will report by June 2013;
- From June 2013 Ofsted, CQC, Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary (HMIC), Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Probation and Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Prisons will introduce a new joint inspection of multi-agency arrangements for the protection of children in England.

Improving the quality and safety of care:

- DH commits to putting Safeguarding Adults Boards on a statutory footing and to supporting those Boards to reach maximum effectiveness;
- All statutory partners, as well as wider partners across the sector will work collaboratively to ensure that safeguarding boards are fully effective in safeguarding children, young people and adults;
- Over the next 12 months all signatories will work to continue to improve the skills and capabilities of the workforce across the sector through access to appropriate training and support and to involve people and families in this training, eg through self-advocacy and family carer groups.
- Accountability and corporate responsibility for the quality of care will be strengthened: DH will immediately examine how corporate bodies and their Boards of Directors can be held to account for the provision of poor care and harm, and set out proposals during Spring 2013 on strengthening the system where there are gaps.
- Regulation and inspection of providers will be tightened: CQC will use existing powers to seek assurance that providers have regard to national guidance and good models of care. CQC will continue to make unannounced inspections of providers of learning disability and mental health services, employing people who use services and family carers as vital parts of the team when relevant and appropriate to do so.
- Progress in transforming care and redesigning services will be monitored and reported:
 - The Learning Disability Programme Board, chaired by the Minister for Care and Support, will lead delivery of the programme of change by measuring progress against

- milestones, monitoring risks to delivery and challenging external delivery partners to deliver to plan, regularly publishing updates;
- The Department of Health will publish a follow-up report one year on by December 2013 and again as soon as possible following 1 June 2014, to ensure that the steps set out in this Concordat are achieved.

Detailed commitments are set out at Annex A.

Signed by:

- Action for Advocacy
- Adults with Learning Disabilities Services Forum
- Association of Chief Police Officers
- Association of Directors of Adult Services
- Association of Directors of Children's Services
- Association for Real Change
- Autism Alliance UK
- British Association of Social Workers
- British Institute of Learning Disabilities
- British Psychological Society
- Care Quality Commission
- Challenging Behaviour Foundation
- Changing our Lives
- Chartered Society of Physiotherapy
- College of Occupational Therapists
- Council for Disabled Children
- Department of Health
- English Community Care Association (ECCA)
- Healthwatch England
- Health Education England
- Housing Learning and Improvement Network
- Housing & Support Alliance³
- Independent Healthcare Advisory Services
- Learning Disability Professional Senate
- Local Government Association (LGA)
- Mencap

- National Autistic Society
- National Care Association
- National Development Team for Inclusion
- National Forum of People with Learning Disabilities
- National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence
- National Housing Federation
- National Quality Board
- National Valuing Families Forum
- NHS Clinical Commissioners
- NHS Commissioning Board
- NHS Confederation
- Royal College of General Practitioners
- Royal College of Psychiatrists
- Royal College of Nursing
- Royal College of Speech and Language Therapists
- Royal Pharmaceutical Society
- Shared Lives
- Sitra
- Skills for Care
- Skills for Health
- The Health and Social Care Information Centre
- The College of Social Work
- The Society of Local Authority Chief Executives and Senior Managers (SOLACE)
- United Response
- Voluntary Organisations Disability Group

³ formerly the Association of Supported Living and Housing Options

Concordat commitments

The NHS Commissioning Board (NHSCB), NHS Clinical Commissioners, the Local Government Association (LGA), Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS) and Association of Directors of Children's Services (ADCS) commit to working collaboratively with CCGs and Local Authorities to achieve the following objectives by 1 June 2014 to:

- ensure that the right local services are available, regardless of who commissions them, for children, young people and adults with learning disabilities or autism who also have mental health conditions or behaviour that challenges;⁴
- all people with challenging behaviour in inpatient assessment and treatment services are appropriately placed and safe, and if not make alternative arrangements for them as soon as possible. We expect most cases to take less than 12 months;
- review funding arrangements for these people and develop local action plans to deliver the best support to meet individuals' needs;
- review existing contracts to ensure they include an appropriate specification, clear individual outcomes and sufficient resource to meet the needs of the individual and appropriate information requirements to enable the commissioner to monitor the quality of care being provided;
- ensure that everyone has a named care co-ordinator;
- improve the general healthcare and physical health of people with learning disabilities – for example, all individuals in these services have a comprehensive health check within 6 months and a health action plan;
- involve children, young people and adults with challenging behaviour and their families, carers and advocates in planning and commissioning services and seek and act on feedback about individual experience;
- ensure that planning starts early with commissioners of children's services to achieve good local support and services for children and better transition planning for children with disabilities moving from children's to adult services;
- ensure that from April 2013, health and care commissioners, set out a joint strategic
 plan to commission the range of local health, housing and care support services to
 meet the needs of children, young people and adults with challenging behaviour in
 their area. This could be undertaken through the health and wellbeing board and
 could be considered as part of the local Joint Strategic Needs Assessment and Joint
 Health and Well-Being Strategy (JHWS) process;
- The strong presumption will be in favour of supporting this with pooled budget arrangements with local commissioners offering justification where this is not done.
- We will promote and facilitate joint and collaborative commissioning by local authorities and CCGs to support these objectives.
- We will take account of the information and data shared by CQC when making decisions to commission care from proposed service providers.
- We will expect CCGs and directors of adult social services to provide assurance to the Joint Improvement Programme that they are making progress in these areas and are commissioning safe and appropriate care.

⁴ For the purpose of this Concordat we will use the phrase "people with challenging behaviour" as shorthand for this group.

 Directors of children's services will be responsible for overseeing the overall quality and delivery of health and wellbeing services for children and young people for local authority commissioners; and directors of adult services will have similar responsibility for the overall quality and delivery of health and wellbeing services for adults.

Provider representative organisations⁵

We commit to publish plans that support our members to provide good quality care across health, housing and social care, as set out in the model of care⁶ and including:

- safe recruitment practices which select people who are suitable for working with people with learning disabilities or autism and behaviour that challenges;
- providing appropriate training for staff on how to support people with challenging behaviour;
- having appropriately trained, qualified and experienced staff,
- providing good management and right supervision;
- providing leadership in developing the right values and cultures in the organisation and respecting people's dignity and human rights as set out in the NHS Constitution;
- having systems in place which assure themselves, service users and families, carers, local Healthwatch and the public that essential requirements are being met and that they deliver high quality and appropriate care;
- identifying a senior manager or, where appropriate, a Director, to ensure that the organisation pays proper regard to quality, safety and clinical governance for that organisation.

In addition:

- We will bring forward a pledge or code model based on shared principles along the lines of the Think Local Act Personal (TLAP) Making it Real principles for learning disability providers by April 2013;
- We commit to working to significantly reduce the number of specialist hospitals in line with proposals in this concordat and working with our members to develop models that reflect the need for high quality community based approaches.⁷

Care Quality Commission

We commit to take the following actions – we will:

- use existing powers to seek assurance that providers have regard to national guidance and good models of care;
- take steps now to strengthen the way we use existing powers to hold organisations to account for failures to provide quality care and report on changes to be made from Spring 2013;
- take action to ensure the model of care is included as part of inspection and registration of relevant services from 2013. CQC will set out its new regulatory model in its response to the consultation in Spring 2013;
- include reference to the model in our revised guidance about compliance. Our revised guidance about compliance will be linked to the Department of Health timetable for the

⁵ Includes the Adults with Learning Disability Services Forum, Association for Real Change, ECCA, Housing & Support Alliance, the Independent Healthcare Advisory Services, National Care Association, National Housing Federation, NHS Confederation, Shared Lives, Sitra and Voluntary Organisations Disability Group.

⁶ References to the model of care are to the model set out in the Department of Health Review: Winterbourne View Hospital Interim Report (2012)

⁷ Signed up to by the Housing and Support Alliance, Voluntary Organisations Disability Group, Sitra, National Housing Federation and Housing LIN.

- review of the quality and safety regulations in 2013. However, we will specifically update providers about the proposed changes to our registration process about models of care for learning disability services in 2013;
- continue to make unannounced inspections of providers of learning disability and mental health services, employing people who use services and family carers as vital members of the team;
- share the information, data and details we have about prospective providers with the relevant CCGs and local authorities through our existing arrangements;
- take a differentiated approach to inspections between different sectors of care provision to ensure the inspections are appropriate to the vulnerability and risk for the different care user groups, subject to the outcome of consultation on its new strategy;
- assess whether providers are delivering care consistent with the statement of purpose made at the time of registration, in particular whether treatment being offered and length of stay is aligned to the statement of purpose. Where it is not, CQC will take the necessary action to ensure that a provider addresses discrepancies either through changes to its services or changes to its statement of purpose;
- take tough enforcement action, including prosecutions, restricting the provision of services, or closing providers down, where providers consistently fail to have a registered manager in place or where there are other breaches of registration requirements;
- also consider whether it is able to use its existing powers to carry out a fit and proper person test of Board members as part of the registration of providers;
- take enforcement action against providers that do not operate effective recruitment procedures to ensure that their staff are suitably skilled, of good character and legally entitled to do the work in question. Operating effective recruitment procedures is a legal requirement and providers must be able to demonstrate to CQC that they have adequate procedures in place:
- continue to run the CQC stakeholder group that helped to shape and define the
 inspection of the 150 learning disability services. This will continue to meet twice yearly
 and will be chaired by the CQC Chief Executive. CQC will review the role and function
 of the group as part of that work programme to make sure it continues to provide advice
 and critique on CQC's inspection and monitoring of providers;
- meet with executives of provider organisations when there are serious concerns about quality and safety issues to discuss their governance and improvement initiatives to deliver safe and effective care;
- CQC's strategic review, launched in September 2012, includes a review of the delivery
 of its responsibilities under s120 of the Mental Health Act 1983 for the general
 protection of patients detained under the Act. This includes wide powers for CQC to
 review the exercise of functions and use of safeguards under the Act and investigating
 complaints by any person detained under the Act.

Skills for Care and Skills for Health

We commit to driving up the competency of the workforce by promoting positive behaviours, values and attitudes and by improving the skills, the learning and the qualifications of those working with people with learning disabilities and behaviour that challenges:

 Skills for Care will develop by February 2013 a framework of guidance and support on commissioning workforce solutions to meet the needs of people with challenging behaviour; Skills for Care and Skills for Health have been jointly commissioned by the Department
of Health (DH) to develop a code of conduct and training standards that could be used
by a body (or bodies) establishing a voluntary register(s) for healthcare support workers
and adult social care workers in England as part of its standards for inclusion on a
register from 2013.

Professional bodies that make up the Learning Disability Professional Senate⁸ and other professional bodies

We commit to providing clear professional leadership and support training of professionals providing care – in particular:

- to develop core principles on a statement of ethics to reflect wider responsibilities in the new health and care system by April 2013;
- to carry out a review of Challenging Behaviour: A Unified Approach by early 2013 to support professionals in community learning disability teams to deliver actions that provide better integrated services;
- as the Royal College of Nursing, to work with all 4 UK leads in taking forward the recommendations in *Strengthening the Commitment*, the report of the UK modernising Learning Disability Nursing Review, with a focus on workforce, leadership and education;
- as the Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) to commit to improving the lives and the care of people with learning disabilities and their families in their local communities and to the training of doctors to look after vulnerable groups in our society;
- as the Joint Commissioning Panel of the RCGP and the Royal College of Psychiatrists, to produce guidance on working with people with learning disabilities who also have mental health conditions by March 2013;
- as the Royal College of Psychiatrists, to issue guidance about the different types of inpatient services for people with learning disabilities, including some guidance aimed at commissioners;
- as the Royal College of Psychiatrists, the Royal Pharmaceutical Society and other
 professional leadership organisations, to work with ADASS and ADCS to ensure
 medicines are used in a safe, appropriate and proportionate way and their use
 optimised in the treatment of children and adults with learning disabilities. This should
 include a focus on the safe and appropriate use of anti-psychotics and anti-depressants;
- as the College of Social Work, working in collaboration with BASW and other
 professional organisations and with service user led groups, to produce key points
 guidance for social workers on good practice in working with people with learning
 disabilities who also have mental health conditions;
- as the British Psychological Society, to provide leadership to promote training in, and appropriate implementation of, Positive Behavioural Support across the full range of care settings;
- as the Royal College of Speech and Language Therapists, to produce good practice standards for commissioners and providers to promote reasonable adjustments required

⁸ This includes the Royal College of Psychiatrists, the Royal College of Nursing, the College of Occupational Therapists, the Royal College of General Practitioners, the College of Social Work, Chartered Society of Physiotherapy, the Royal College of Speech and Language Therapists, other professional bodies include the British Association of Social Workers and . the British Psychological Society.

to meet the speech, language and communication needs of people with learning disabilities in specialist learning disability or autism hospital and residential settings.

 To ensure that these actions are taken forward with people with learning disabilities and their families.

National Quality Board

The National Quality Board will by April 2013 set out how the new health system should operate to improve and maintain quality. This will provide clarity on the distinct roles and responsibilities of different parts of the system and how they should work together in the best interests of those using services.

The National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE)

The National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE) will publish Quality Standards and clinical guidelines on challenging behaviour in learning disability in Summer 2015 and on mental health and learning disability in Summer 2016.

Healthwatch

Healthwatch England will work with the Department of Health and the Local Government Association on how local Healthwatch will involve people with learning disabilities and their families, including working with Learning Disability Partnership Boards.

Health Education England

HEE commits to improving the quality of care for all patients from April 2013, including those with challenging behaviour, by identifying training needs and ensuring there is an education and training system fit to supply a highly trained and high quality workforce.

NHS Commissioning Board

In addition to the above actions, we commit to supporting changes in services that deliver improved outcomes - in particular, we will work with partners including ADASS and providers to develop practical resources for commissioners, including:

- model service specifications by March 2013;
- new NHS contract schedules for specialist learning disability services;
- models for rewarding best practice through the NHS Commissioning for Quality and Innovation (CQUIN) framework;
- a joint health and social care self-assessment framework to support local agencies to measure and benchmark progress.

In January 2013, with DH, we will set out how to embed Quality of Health Principles in the system, using NHS contracting and guidance.

Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS) and Association of Directors of Children's Services (ADCS)

We commit to helping members to share best practice and to work with the LGA, the NHS CB and CCGs on the above actions and in addition:

- all local authorities and their local safeguarding partners, including the police and NHS
 organisations, should take action from now, ensuring that they have robust safeguarding
 boards and other arrangements in place;
- Safeguarding Adults Boards should review their arrangements and ensure they have the right information sharing processes in place across health and care to identify and deal with safeguarding alerts;
- We will produce guidance notes and simple key questions to raise awareness, ensure visibility and action at a local level and to empower members of Safeguarding Adults Boards, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Learning Disability Partnership Boards by December 2012.

Local Government Association (LGA)

• We commit to working with the NHS CB to provide leadership and support to the transformation of services locally via the development of an improvement programme. This will include supporting commissioning authorities to develop comprehensive, integrated local strategies for services for people with challenging behaviour. We will involve key partners including DH, SOLACE, ADASS, ADCS, NHS Clinical Commissioners and CQC in this work. The programme will be operating within three months with the Board and leadership arrangements being in place by the end of December 2012.

Association of Chief Police Officers (ACPO)

We recognise the importance of working together with statutory agencies, local authorities and safeguarding partners to enhance the service provided to vulnerable adults. We have reviewed the overall learning from Winterbourne View and will ensure the following:

- The one direct recommendation relating to the police regarding the early identification of trends and patterns of abuse has been fully recognised by Avon & Somerset Police. A specific workstream has been created by the force to identify a process to trigger early identification of abuse. The lessons learnt from the work undertaken will be disseminated nationally.
- All associated learning from the review will be incorporated into training and practice, including Authorised Professional Practice.

The Department of Health

We have set the strategic direction and proposals for legislation to reform health and social care. We commit to the following additional actions to provide a clear framework and improve quality, enable change to happen and to measure and monitor progress:

Children and transition

- The Department of Health (DH) and Department for Education (DfE) will work with the independent experts on the Children and Young People's Health Outcomes Forum to consider how to prioritise improvement outcomes for children and young people with challenging behaviour and how best to support young people with complex needs in making the transition to adulthood. This will report by June 2013;
- DH will work with the DfE to introduce a new single assessment process and Education, Health and Care Plan to replace the current system of statements and learning difficulty assessments for children and young people with special educational needs; supported by joint commissioning between local partners (subject to parliamentary approval). The

- process will include young people up to the age of 25, to ensure they are supported in making the transition to adulthood;
- DH will work with DfE to develop and issue statutory guidance on children in long-term residential care (s85 and s86 of the Children Act 1989) in 2013;
- DH and DfE will jointly explore the issues and opportunities for children with learning disabilities whose behaviour is described as challenging through both the SEN and Disability reform programme and the work of the Children's Health Strategy.
- DfE is revising Working Together to Safeguard Children, statutory guidance on how organisations and individuals working with children should work together to safeguard and promote their welfare. The guidance will be published in due course. Working Together to Safeguard Children will make clear that professionals will be required to recognise and consider the differing needs of <u>all</u> children babies, disabled children and older children so that they can offer them the most appropriate help and support at the right time;
- From June 2013 Ofsted, CQC, Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary (HMIC), Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Probation and Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Prisons will introduce a new joint inspection of multi-agency arrangements for the protection of children in England;
- Under the new inspection frameworks published in September 2012, Ofsted will make judgements on the overall effectiveness, outcomes for children and young people, quality of care, safeguarding as well as leadership and management.

National leadership and support for local change

- DH will provide funding to support the Local Government Association and NHSCB to establish a joint improvement programme to provide leadership and support to the transformation of services locally;
- The national market development forum within the TLAP partnership will work with DH
 to identify barriers to reducing the need for specialist assessment and treatment
 hospitals and identify solutions for providing effective local services by April 2013;
- The Developing Care Markets for Quality and Choice programme will support local authorities to identify local needs for care services and produce market position statements, including for learning disability services;
- We will work with sector leaders on co-produced resources to support health and wellbeing boards on specific aspects of Joint Strategic Needs Assessments (JSNAs) and Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategies (JHWSs). As part of this work, we will explore how, in responding to the issues raised in the Winterbourne View review, we will ensure that health and wellbeing boards have support to understand the complex needs of people with challenging behaviour;
- We will work with key partners to agree by April 2013 how Quality of Life principles should be adopted in social care contracts to drive up standards;

Strengthening accountability and corporate responsibility

- DH will review the regulatory requirements in respect of criminal records checks and whether providers should routinely request a criminal record certificate on recruitment from 2013 once the impact of the new service is understood;
- DH will immediately examine how corporate bodies and their Boards of Directors and financiers can be held to account for the provision of poor care and harm, and set out proposals during Spring 2013 on strengthening the system where there are gaps;

 We will consider both regulatory sanctions available to CQC and criminal sanctions. We will determine whether CQC's current regulatory powers and its primary legislative powers need to be strengthened to hold Boards to account.

Improving the quality and safety of care

- We have already committed to putting Safeguarding Adults Boards on a statutory footing (subject to parliamentary approval). DH will revise statutory guidance and good practice guidance to reflect new legislation and address findings from Winterbourne View, to be completed in time for the implementation of the Care and Support Bill;
- DH will, together with CQC, consider what further action may be needed to check how providers record and monitor restraint;
- With external partners, DH will publish by the end of 2013 guidance on best practice
 around positive behavioural support so that physical restraint is only ever used as a last
 resort where the safety of individuals would otherwise be at risk and never to punish or
 humiliate:
- We will work with CQC to agree how best to raise awareness of and ensure compliance with the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS) provisions to protect individuals and their human rights and will report by Spring 2014;
- We will update the Mental Health Act Code of Practice during 2014 and this will take account of findings from this review;
- We will produce a progress report by the end of 2013 on actions to implement the recommendations in *Strengthening the Commitment*, the report of the UK Modernising Learning Disability Nursing Review;
- Through the Whistleblowing Helpline, we aim to increase awareness of whistleblowing
 for staff within the health and social care sectors. The helpline will advise employers on
 embedding best practice policy and procedure and staff on how to raise concerns and
 what protection they have in law when they do so;
- We will explore with the Royal College of Psychiatrists and others whether there is a need to commission an audit of use of medication for this group. As the first stage of this, DH will commission by summer 2013 a wider review of the prescribing of antipsychotic and anti-depressant medicines for people with challenging behaviour to report;
- We will work with the National Valuing Families Forum, the National Forum of People with Learning Disabilities, ADASS, LGA and the NHS to identify and promote good practice for people with learning disabilities across health, housing and social care by June 2013;
- We will work with independent advocacy organisations and other key partners to:
 - identify the key factors to take account of in commissioning advocacy for people with learning disabilities or autism in hospitals so that people in hospital get good access to information, advice and advocacy including self advocacy that supports their particular needs; and
 - drive up the quality of independent advocacy, through strengthening the Action for Advocacy Quality Performance Mark and reviewing the Code of Practice for advocates to clarify their role.

Measuring and monitoring progress

- By March 2013, DH will commission an audit of current services for people with challenging behaviour to take a snapshot of provision, numbers of out of area placements and lengths of stay;
- The audit will be repeated one year on to enable the Learning Disability Programme Board to assess what is happening;
- We will work with the Information Centre and the NHSCB to develop measures and key performance indicators (eg on numbers of people in hospital, length of stay) to support commissioners in monitoring their progress from April 2013;
- We will develop a new learning disability minimum data set to be collected through the Information Centre from 2014/15;
- We will continue to collate a suite of information and evidence relating to people with learning disabilities and behaviour which challenges and the health inequalities they experience and report on these to the Learning Disability Programme Board;
- The cross-government Learning Disability Programme Board, chaired by the Minister of State for Care and Support will lead delivery of the programme of change by measuring progress against milestones, monitoring risks to delivery and challenging external delivery partners to deliver to plan, regularly publishing updates;
- We will work with the improvement team to monitor and report on progress nationally.
 We will publish a follow-up report one year on by December 2013 and again as soon as possible following 1 June 2014, to ensure that the steps set out in this Concordat are achieved.

Forums and voluntary sector organisations

We, the undersigned who represent people who use services, self- advocates and families undertake to challenge statutory and public bodies in how they are delivering against these commitments.