

Equality Impact Analysis

This equality impact analysis establishes the likely effects both positive and negative and potential unintended consequences that decisions, policies, projects and practices can have on people at risk of discrimination, harassment and victimisation. The analysis considers documentary evidence, data and information from stakeholder engagement/consultation to manage risk and to understand the actual or potential effect of activity, including both positive and adverse impacts, on those affected by the activity being considered.

To support completion of this analysis tool, please refer to the equality impact analysis guidance.

Section 1 – Analysis Details (Page 5 of the guidance document)

Name of Policy/Project/Decision	Tender of universal carer services for adults caring for someone 18+		
Lead Officer (SRO or Assistant Director/Director)	Adrian Crook, Director of Community Commissioning		
Department/Team	Health & Social Care, Community Commission		
Proposed Implementation Date	June 2025		
Author of the EqIA	Caroline Malvern		
Date of the EqIA	October 2024		

1.1 What is the main purpose of the proposed policy/project/decision and intended outcomes?

The Care Act 2014 says that an Unpaid Carer is 'Someone who helps another person, usually a relative or friend, in their day-to-day life'. This is not the same as someone who provides care professionally or through a voluntary organisation.'

As a society, we are increasingly dependent on the contribution of unpaid care. The care provided by unpaid carers is often not visible but is an essential part of enabling people to stay in their own homes for longer and allowing move on from hospital to community care.

The Care Act replaced most previous laws regarding carers and people being cared for including:

- A focus on promoting wellbeing.
- A duty on local councils to prevent, reduce and delay need for support, including the needs of carers.
- A right to a carer's assessment based on the appearance of need.



- A right for carers' eligible needs to be met.
- A duty on local councils to provide information and advice.

The Department of Health's mandate to NHS England includes ensuring that the NHS becomes dramatically better at involving carers as well as patients in care. The importance of carers is noted in the NHS Five Year Forward View, which notes that to support carers properly we need to have multi-agency and community integration.

The Adult Social Care Reform White Paper, *People at the Heart of Care*, was published in December 2021 setting out a 10-year vision for adult social care. The White Paper has carers threaded throughout, including in the aspiration, vision and strategic objectives.

The GM Carers Charter reflects the ambitions and aspirations as a collective, we want to achieve.

The Adult Social Care Strategy Plan 2023 – 26 identified priorities include supporting unpaid carers. Identified priorities:



The service will be the primary resource for adult carers in Bury to provide information, advice and a wide range of specialist support services designed to help adult carers caring for another adult to continue in their caring role for as long as they choose and reduce the impact the caring role can have on their own health and wellbeing.



Section 2 – Impact Assessment (Pages 6 to 10 of the guidance document)

2.1 Who could the proposed policy/project/decision likely have an impact on?

Employees: This work will not impact on Bury Council staff with a protected characteristic(s)

Community/Residents: This Strategy is for unpaid adult carers who care for someone aged 18+ living in the Borough of Bury Third parties such as suppliers, providers and voluntary organisations: This Strategy will form future adult social care commissioning intentions for services for adult carers supporting someone 18+, which will deliver a service based on the priorities of this strategy and its aspirations

2.2 Evidence to support the analysis. Include documentary evidence, data and stakeholder information/consultation

Data /Stakeholder information/consultation: Please refer to the engagement summary report



02 Summary ASC Carer Strategy Engage

2.3 Consider the following questions in terms of who the policy/project/decision could potentially have an impact on. Detail these in the impact assessment table (2.4) and the potential impact this could have.



- Could the proposal prevent the promotion of equality of opportunity or good relations between different equality groups?
- Could the proposal create barriers to accessing a service or obtaining employment because of a protected characteristic?
- Could the proposal affect the usage or experience of a service because of a protected characteristic?
- Could a protected characteristic be disproportionately advantaged or disadvantaged by the proposal?
- Could the proposal make it more or less likely that a protected characteristic will be at risk of harassment or victimisation?
- Could the proposal affect public attitudes towards a protected characteristic (e.g. by increasing or reducing their presence in the community)?
- Could the proposal prevent or limit a protected characteristic contributing to the democratic running of the council?

2.4 Characteristic	Potential Impacts	Evidence (from 2.2) to demonstrate this impact	Mitigations to reduce negative impact	Impact level with mitigations Positive, Neutral, Negative
Age	Local data displays identification of carers aged 18 – 25 years is low. Potential impact – Unmet need of young adult carers. Potential impact- Digital divide	Demographic information of new carers registered with the current commissioned carer services and the demographic data of carers held on the Bury Adult Social Care database has identified of carers in the 18-25 years age group is low. As an ageing population, a significant number of older people either rely on the support of unpaid carers or are carers themselves.	One of the four commitments in the Bury Adult Carers Strategy 2025 – 2028 is to reduce inequalities by improving identification of and support to carers from under-represented groups. This will be reflected in the new specification for adult carers support. Due consideration will be given to the needs of young carers and those transitioning between young carers and adult carers services	Positive. To understand the current picture of local support, carers dashboards have been developed to profile the age of carers being supported by Adult Social Care and the commissioned service will provide breakdown of age groups of carers accessing support as part of the quarterly monitoring returns to ensure Bury will have consistent data collection. For the first time, improving identification and support to carers from underrepresented groups will be embedded at a strategic level.



				Council
			The service commits to increased identification of carers and opportunity to good quality support and information that is accessible and appropriate for all sectors of the community of Bury.	People will be able to access support in person, phone, text, email, and third-party referral.
Disability	It is recognised that there may be other factors affecting carers with a disability which although not a consequence of the service, may, in comparison to carers without a disability, impact on the extent to which they can access and benefit from the community support for carers. Potential impact-Digital divide	Public Health England report, 'Caring as a social determinant of Health', shows that there is evidence that carers experience worse health than non-carers. National Institute for Health & Care Excellence reports that carers are more likely to report a long term condition, disability or illness compared with non-carers. Disabled carers also face particular challenges to their health & wellbeing, that can worsen due to their caring role.	Although the activities are not being explicitly directed at disabled people, we expect Bury carers with a disability will be better supported to continue in their caring role for as long as they choose as the service commits to a programme of wrap around intervention and support with an aim to improve health & wellbeing outcomes for carers. All properties used within the neighbourhoods will undergo assessment to ensure there are no physical barriers, or unnecessary exclusions	Neutral.



			1	Council
			Carers will be encouraged to register as a carer with their GP. People will be able to access support in person, phone, text, email, and third-party referral	
Gender Reassignment	It is unlikely there would be any disproportionate impact relating to gender reassignment	No evidence to suggest impact.		Neutral
Marriage and Civil Partnership	It is unlikely there would be any disproportionate impact in relation to marriage or civil partnership.	No evidence to suggest impact		Neutral
Pregnancy and Maternity	It is unlikely there would be any disproportionate impact in relation to pregnancy and maternity.	No evidence to suggest impact		Neutral
Race	Local data indicates disparities in carers from local ethnic minority	engagement & consultation report	One of the four commitments of the Bury Adult Carers Strategy 2025 – 2028 is to reduce inequalities by improving	Positive. To understand the current picture of local support, carers dashboards have been developed to profile carers being supported by Adult Social



		_		Council
	communities		identification of and	Care and the commissioned
	being		support to carers from	service will provide breakdown
	identified/referred		under-represented	of carers accessing support as
	for support		groups. This will be	part of the quarterly monitoring
			reflected in the new	returns to ensure Bury will have
	Carers whose		specification for adult	consistent data collection.
	first language is		carers support.	Consistent data concetion.
	not English may		Carers support.	For the first time, improving
	experience			identification and support to
	barriers in			carers from underrepresented
	communication			groups will be embedded at a
	when accessing			strategic level.
	and using			
	services			Providers will need to make
				available information to people
				in different languages, using
				different formats
Religion and Belief	It is unlikely there	No evidence to suggest		Neutral
•	would be any	impact.		
	disproportionate	'		
	impact relating to			
	religion and			
	belief. It is			
	expected that the			
	service provides			
	a personalised			
	service to all the			
	people it			
	supports, so			
	would take			
	account of any			
	support needs			
	relating to religion			
	or belief			



				Council
Sex	It is unlikely there would be any disproportionate impact in relation to Sex.	We acknowledge that women may feel more pressurised than men to undertake caring. (expectations surrounding caring). Bury Carers Hub stats 2023-24: No. of women referred-240 No. of men referred-80	This service for carers contributes towards mitigating negative impacts as more women are accessing the service, meaning more females are benefitting from the service.	Neutral
Sexual Orientation	It is unlikely there would be any disproportionate impact in relation to Sexual Orientation	No evidence to suggest impact.		Neutral
Carers	Positive	engagement & consultation report Carers are the core group the service is aiming to support.	It is the intention of Bury ASC that adult carers should be better supported on a more consistent basis so that they can continue to care, if they wish, in good health and to have a life alongside caring. The service will contribute toward this ambition by ensuring better and more consistent support for carers, based on what	Positive



				Council
			carers told us is	
			important to them.	
Looked After Children	People must be		Due consideration will be	Neutral
and Care Leavers	aged 18+ to		given to the needs of	
	access this		young carers and those	
	service.		transitioning between	
	Potential impact		young carers and adult	
	could be a gap in		carers services	
	support for			
	children			
	transitioning into			
	adult services			
Socio-economically	Carers are	The most recent data	The service seeks to	Neutral
vulnerable	vulnerable to	available from the	mitigate financial	
	rising costs due	Department for Work and	challenges for carers by	
	to the additional	Pensions shows that just under a third of	ensuring the service is	
	costs associated		free of charge to carers.	
	with caring	households in receipt of Carers Allowance are food	Drop-ins' will be	
			delivered through out the	
		insecure, compared with 10% of households as a	borough of Bury and be within reach of local	
		whole.	public transport	
		WHOLE.	networks.	
		Carers UK Press Release	Hetworks.	
		dated October 24 report	The service will also	
		carers are worried about	identify and make	
		living costs and don't feel	referrals to outside	
		confident about keeping up	organisations to aid	
		with costs over the next 12	carers, such as local	
		months.	provisions who are able	
		mondia.	to give benefit advice.	
		The ASCOF responses for		
		Bury:	The information channel	
		,	for carers includes a	



·				Council
		8.8% of Bury's Carers report that their caring role has caused them a lot of financial difficulties. This is a decrease from 13.5% in 21/22 and is lower than the England average of 28.3%	'Money Matters' area which promotes resources such as Bury Council's "Lets Manage Tough Times', Financial Support, and national charities providing information & support to people in finance need. Along with a section for working carers. Carers will be able to access support in person, phone, text, email, and third-party referral.	
Veterans	Neutral	No evidence to suggest impact.		Neutral

Actions required to mitigate/reduce/eliminate negative impacts or to complete the analysis

2.5 Characteristics	Action	Action Owner	Completion Date
	No actions identified at this stage.		

Section 3 - Impact Risk

Establish the level of risk to people and organisations arising from identified impacts, with additional actions completed to mitigate/reduce/eliminate negative impacts.

3.1 Identifying risk level (Pages 10 - 12 of the guidance document)



			Likelihood				
_	Impact x Likelihood		1	2	3	4	
= Score		Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Very likely		
	4	Very High	4	8	12	16	
ıt	3	High	3	6	9	12	
Impact	2	Medium	2	4	6	8	
느	1	Low	1	2	3	4	
	0	Positive / No impact	0	0	0	0	

Risk Level	No Risk = 0	Low Risk = 1 - 4	Medium Risk = 5 – 7	High Risk = 8 - 16
3.2 Level of risk identified	Low Risk			
3.3 Reasons for risk level calculation	There are no perceived ne			
	that they can continue to c	are, if they wish, in good ambition by ensuring betto	Ild be better supported on a n health and to have a life alon er and more consistent suppo	gside caring. The service
	Feedback from carers and improvement.	d quarterly contract monit	oring and case studies will en	sure continuous service

Section 4 - Analysis Decision (Page 11 of the guidance document)

4.1 Analysis Decision	X	Reasons for This Decision
There is no negative impact therefore the activity will proceed	Х	There are no negative impacts across the protected characteristics at this stage



	Contract monitoring will identify and manage any emerging equality impacts.
There are low impacts or risks identified which can be mitigated or	
managed to reduce the risks and activity will proceed	
There are medium to high risks identified which cannot be mitigated	
following careful and thorough consideration. The activity will proceed	
with caution and this risk recorded on the risk register, ensuring	
continual review	

Section 5 – Sign Off and Revisions (Page 11 of the guidance document)

Name	Date	Comments
Caroline Malvern	25/10/24	
Adrian Crook	25	
	November	
Aboch	2024	
Lee Cawley	25/10/24	QA complete, potential negative impacts have been mitigated to neutral along with positive impacts.
	Caroline Malvern Adrian Crook	Caroline Malvern 25/10/24 Adrian Crook 25 November 2024

EqIA Revision Log

5.2 Revision Date	Revision By	Revision Details



ⁱ Family Resources Survey - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)